

3 – 4 Solving Quadratic Equations by Quadratic Formula (Day 3)

Quadratic Formula:

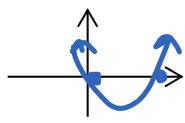
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Discriminant:

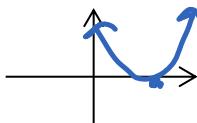
$$D = b^2 - 4ac$$

Draw a parabola for a quadratic equation that meets the following conditions:

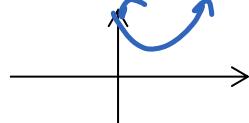
2 Solutions



1 Solution



No real solutions



$$D = b^2 - 4ac$$

Evaluate the discriminant for each equation. Determine the number of real solutions.

1.) $-8x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$

$$a = -8 \quad b = 3 \quad c = 1$$

$$D = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$D = (3)^2 - 4(-8)(1)$$

$$D = 41$$

2 Real Solutions

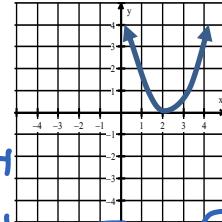
2.) $-4x + 4 = x^2$

$$x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -4 \quad c = 4$$

$$D = b^2 - 4ac$$

$$D = (-4)^2 - 4(1)(4) = 0$$



1 Real Sol.

Five methods for solving quadratic equations:

1. Square Roots $b=0$
2. Completing the square $a=1, b$ is even
3. Quadratic Formula (anytime)
4. Factoring
5. Graphing

Simplify all radicals in solutions.

1. Solve $x^2 = 16x - 63$

$$\underline{-16x + 63} \quad -16x + 63$$

$$x^2 - 16x + 63 = 0$$

$$x \cdot x \quad -9 \cdot -7$$

$$(x - 9)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = 9 \quad x = 7$$

$$x = ?$$

$$\underline{-35} \quad -35$$

$$x^2 - 45 = 0$$

$$+45 \quad +45$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{45}$$

$$x = \sqrt{45}$$

$$x = \sqrt{9 \cdot 5}$$

$$x = 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$x = \pm 3\sqrt{5}$$

$$x = ?$$

$$\underline{+1} \quad +1$$

$$2x^2 - 5x + 11 = 0$$

$$a = 2 \quad b = -5 \quad c = 11$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-5) \pm \sqrt{(-5)^2 - 4(2)(11)}}{2(2)}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{63}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm 3i\sqrt{7}}{4}$$

3.4 Quadratic Formula (Day 3)

Name _____

1. Solve $x^2 = 15x - 54$

2. Solve $x^2 - 13 = 7$

3. Solve $x^2 + 3x - 3 = 0$

4. Solve $4x^2 + 5x + 1 = -2$

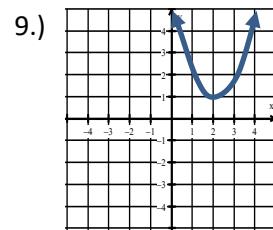
5. Solve $2x^2 + 6x + 2 = 1$

6. Solve $x^2 + 2x + 7 = 0$

Evaluate the discriminant for each equation. Determine the number of real solutions.

7.) $3x^2 - 12x + 12 = 0$

8.) $x^2 - 2x = -3$



3 – 4 Solving Quadratic Equations by Quadratic Formula (Day 3)

Evaluate the discriminant for each equation. Determine the number of real solutions.

$$1.) -3x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$$

$$2.) 4x + 9 = -x^2$$

Warm-UP:

Solve $x^2 - 6x - 18 = 0$.